VOLUME XX. NUMBER 3.

THE McKEAN MINER.

H. F. BARBOUR, Proprietor.

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 322, F. & A. M., meets on the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main Street.

M. A. SPRAGUE, W. M.
W. D. GALLUP, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 169, meets every Thursday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.
WARLEY GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Thursday evening at Masonic Hall.

C. H. BECKWITH, N. G.
W. M. WETHERALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

[illegible]—S. [illegible], pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7½ p. m. Prayer Meeting directly after evening services. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m. Sabbath School every Sabbath immediately after the morning service.

BAPTIST.—[illegible], pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath School directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—J. HARRIS MCCARDELL, Rector. Have been every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m.

St. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH—J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11.30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Backus.
Asst Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
Council—E. A. Backus, Wm. Ramser, A. B. Armstrong, Wm. Specht, H. F. Wright, O. K. Meyers.
Constable—Frank Kewa.
School Directors—J. C. Backus, H. L. McCoy, Ira S. Gleason, David Sarrett, J. W. Brennan, Stephen Fatiloe.
Auditors—G. M. Smith, F. Ford.
Auditors—John Forrest, John R. Shoemaker, Warley Gifford.
Poormasters—J. C. Hamlin, A. D. Burbank.
Judge of Election—R. Gordon.
Inspectors—James Beckwith, S. J. Gifford.
Assessor—G. M. Smith.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

President Judge—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges—Henry Hamlin, Smethport; P. M. Fuller, Bradford.
District Attorney—E. McSweeney, Smethport
Sheriff.—A. J. Wilcox, Bradford.
Prothonotary—John B. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer—J. W. Brennan, Smethport
Commissioners—A. T. Palmer, Dallas City; F. S. Johnson, Bradford; A. Risley, Smethport.
County Clerk—John B. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Comr's—N. C. Gallup, D. P. Coon.
Auditors—A. F. Brewer, P. K. Washburn, A. A. Stevens.
County Surveyor—G. H. Lyon, Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and Third Monday of December.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES, CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous.

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING IS THE KEYSTONE OF SUCCESS

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE and Advertising Contracts for it and all other newspapers in the world can be made on the most favorable terms at the International Newspaper Agency.

N. P. HUBBARD, Proprietor, NEW HAVEN, CONN., U. S. A.

Publishers of the Newspaper and Book Directory of the World.

INCREASE YOUR CAPITAL

$10 $20 WHEAT $50 STOCKS $100

Those desiring to make money on sound and business investments in grain, provisions and stock speculations, can do so by operating on our plans. From May 1st, 1881, to the present date, on investments of $10 to $1,000, cash profits have been realized and paid to the renters amounting to several times the original investment. Pamphlet explaining our methods, and how a original investment making money or payable on demand, sent free. Bankers and business men of fixed W sent free. We want responsible agents, who will report to us, and liberal commissions paid them. Latest quotations by telegraph.

PLUMMER & MERRIAM, Commission Merchants, Major Block, Chicago, Ill.

THE WOMENS MEDICAL INSTITUTE BUFFALO, N.Y.

THE ONLY ASSOCIATION OF PROMINENT Lady Physicians IN THE WORLD.

This institution was formed for the sole purpose of treating the diseases of Women. It is composed only of physicians who have attained a leading rank in the profession by their acknowledged ability and success, and who have made the health and diseases of women a study for years. Ladies can be consultedit; treated at home, without any other expense than the cost of the medicine. Address by mail free. Send stamp for circulars and testimonials from ladies who have been permanently cured.

"LADIES' TONIC"

Is the Favorite Prescription of the Women's Medical Institute

for Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, Inflammation, and Ulceration of the Womb, Irregularities, Bleeding, Acute pain or lack of monthly visitation, Weakness in the Back and Stomach, Pain in the Head, Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaints, Barrenness, and to make Menstruation regular or regulate periods through change of life, and for the general debility of women. It positively gives quick and permanent relief.

One Pint Bottle is Sufficient.

Sold by Druggists. Price, $1.00

CUT THIS OUT! AGENTS WANTED $15 to $40 PER WEEK. We have stores in 15 leading cities, [illegible] Send for our New Catalogue of Fine Goods. T. H. LOVELL & CO. 28 & 30 French St. ERIE, PENN'A. Apr. 6, '81-yl.

Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. DELANO R. HAMLIN

HAMLIN & SON,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE

Smethport, Pa.

Advice at Counsel. Try causes in the Courts Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

D. STERRETT. ROBT. H. ROSE.

STERRETT & ROSE,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

(Office in Grand Central Block.)

SMETHPORT PA.

BRAGUE & GIBSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

C. BRAGUE. MERIDAN GIBSON.

E. L. MEENAN,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

OFFICE—Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

THOS. A. MORRISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

OFFICE—Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Collections and other legal business carefully and promptly attended to.

W. J. MILLIKEN

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

Office 12 Main St., Up Stairs.

BRADFORD, PA.

W. H. CHAPMAN & SON,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

OIL EXCHANGE,

BRADFORD, PA.

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office: Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

J. K. WALLACE,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

BRADFORD, PA.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(NOTARY PUBLIC.)

Port Allegany, Pa.

M. H. BYRNE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

61 MAIN STREET, Up Stairs.

BRADFORD, PA.

GEO. A. STURGEON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Room 10, OIL EXCHANGE.

BRADFORD, PA.

G. A. BERRY. M. F. ELLIOTT. D. H. JACK.

BERRY, ELLIOTT & JACK,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER.

Office in Berry's Building.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

E. E. STONE. A. LEO WEIL.

STONE & WEIL,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Office in Pompeian Hall.

Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Corner Main and Pine Sts.

Bradford, Pa.

E. R. MAYO,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

P. H. COTTER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care

Physicians.

E. G. BROWN,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

OFFICE: Rooms No. 13 and 16, Grand Central.

SMETHPORT, PA.

S. D. FREEMAN,

Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office in Backus Building, Main street.

Smethport, Pa.

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE for all diseases of the Kidneys and LIVER

It has specific action on this important organ, restoring it to healthy action when diseased or torpid, thereby curing the following and many other diseases: Malaria. Those who are subject to attacks of Chills and Fever, Bilious Colic, or Neuralgia, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure. It is a Diuretic, a Cathartic and a Liver Regulator, and acts promptly on each. Thousands testify to cures of the worst forms of these terrible diseases. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1. KIDNEY-WORT

SELECT POETRY.

The Sea Shore.

We walked together, hand in hand,
Through clouds of spray, those nasty billows;
We traced our names upon the sand,
And carved our luncheon with our grinders.

We roamed o'er rocks and seaweed thick,
And listen to the waves' soft murmurs;
We poked out parties with a stick,
And built high towers with sand and stones.

We gathered shells of quaint design—
I put them in her satchel for her;
And when the sun shed level lines,
I took her up and homeward bore her.

She said she loved me very much,
And that's the reason why I kissed her.
Now, ladies, do not be rash—
The question was my only answer.

A. W. S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHAT CAME OF IT.

A NEW YEAR'S SKETCH—A LITTLE STORY THAT WILL PAY TO READ.

'And now, "good by!" I'm off for the turkey, girls! We could not have one for Christmas, but we will have one for New Year's Day.' It was Theo Clyde who spoke, as she tied a faded blue veil over her straw hat, and drew a shabby fur cape closely around her white throat. She was a very pretty girl, with turquoise blue eyes, and a dash of scarlet in her cheeks and lips.

'If you get your money, you mean,' said stately Marian, Theo's elder sister, who wore her calico wrapper with the grace of a princess royal.

'O, Miss Briarby is always punctual, and she will be satisfied with the dress, I know.'

'And be sure you get apples and raisins for the mince meat, Theo,' cried Madge the youngest of all. 'Let's have a real Christmas dinner to morrow, if it is a week late. It's so long since we've had a nice dinner!'

'But I'm only to get three dollars for the dress, you know, Madge. I'll do the best I can with that.' And snatching up a small basket containing the newly finished dress, Theo tripped away in gay spirits.

The three girls kept house in the widow Spraguin's three-story front room. Inside, the air was mild and balmy as a summer morning, but outside it was sharp and keen, and a fine, powdery snow was beginning to fall.

The dress gave entire satisfaction, and Miss Briarby wished Theo a happy New Year.

Theo's purchases were soon made. Such a plump turkey! It almost filled the little basket on her arm. Then to the meat shop for beef and suet; add the jolly meat man threw in a fresh, crisp bunch of celery, smitten to the heart, no doubt, by Theo's bright eyes and ruby lips. Next, two pounds of raisins, so rich and sugary it made one's mouth water only to look at them.

Half a dollar still remained, and Theo entered a fruit store, tempted by the display of golden-hued oranges and bananas, Brazilian dates, choice clusters of Malaga grapes, luscious figs and odorous pineapples. The gas was brilliantly lighted inside, for the short December day was fast drawing to a close.

A man in a slouched hat and seedy overcoat lounged in after Theo, and stood leaning against the counter.

'Now, then, what do you want?' demanded the proprietor, roughly.

'Nothing,' was the low reply.

'Then the sooner you get out of here the better!' blustered the vender of tropical fruits. 'We don't harbor tramps!'

'I'm not a tramp,' answered the stranger.

'Then you're drunk, and get out of here before I call a policeman.'

'For shame! O, for shame!' cried Theo, with blazing eyes. 'To treat a human being so—on New Year's eve, too!'

'He's an impostor,' asserted the hard-hearted dealer.

'I've not tasted bread for two days,' said the man, in husky tones.

'Here, sir,' and Theo followed the stranger into the street; 'take this,' and she thrust her basket into his hand.

'No, no!' said the poor man. 'I—'

'But you must! You will need it. And take this, too!' And she forced him reluctantly to accept her purse also, then quickly hastened away.

'She's coming!' cried Madge, flying to the open door as a faint footstep sounded on the stairs. 'The basket must be heavy she walks so slowly. Now for the turkey—why, Theo, you haven't brought it? was it too heavy? Are they going to send it?'

Theo related her adventure.

'And I'm only sorry you and Marian will be disappointed,' she added, regretfully.

'You did perfectly right,' said Marian heroically. 'We are not starving yet, thank goodness! and he was, poor man.'

But Theo still shook her head, and the tears sparkled in her eyes.

'I'm glad you gave it to him,' cried Madge, and added, softly, 'you know, Theo, who has said, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, ye have done it unto Me!"

* * * * * * *

The white pine floor had been washed and scoured within an inch of its life; the brightly polished window panes shone and shimmered, as if daring one to look at them and not blink; the round brass knobs on the old fashioned walnut sideboard beaming good naturedly in the slant rays of the morning sun, a pot of bright yellow chrysanthemums stood in one of the white curtained windows, fragrant and full of bloom, and a handsome tortoise shell cat took her morning nap on a braided rug before the fire.

The three housekeepers washed up their breakfast service, and swept the room and dusted, and put to rights with a zeal worthy at least of a more extended sphere of action.

The [illegible] tragedy by which [illegible] of the State Treasury, lost his life yesterday, is the general topic of conversation throughout the town and county. The mystery which at first surrounded the tragedy is gradually clearing away, but not until after the burial of Captain Nutt will details of the sad case be made known. It has been ascertained, however, that a series of letters passed between Captain Nutt and Nicholas L. Dukes, who fired the fatal shot, in regard to the Captain's eldest daughter, Miss Lizzie. Rumor has it that the father had heard sad stories about the young lady and wrote to Mr. Dukes requesting him to marry her. The latter made reply, declining to enter in wedlock with Miss Nutt and adding his reasons, which the father thought a foul slander on his daughter. In reply to these letters came back an answer to Mr. Dukes containing a threat against his life. This letter announced the time when the Captain would arrive home and it is said that the whole tone of it showed that Captain Nutt was not trifling and would not be trifled with. It is believed that Mr. Dukes anticipated trouble and purchased the pistol with which he fired the shot after he had received this letter. It was probably Mr. Dukes' intention to remain in his room at the Jennings Hotel so as to avoid meeting Captain Nutt, and that was why he gave special orders to have the room cleaned up on Sunday morning. Captain Nutt was a man of undoubted courage—a man of strong convictions, and when he felt there was provocation to assault a man he was not afraid to do it. Mr. Dukes is also a man of personal courage all who know him would fully expect him to defend himself if attacked. These are the rumors concerning the correspondence between Captain Nutt and Mr. Dukes.

THE FATAL SHOT.

Captain Nutt came from Harrisburg on Saturday night and that he was bent on having an understanding with Dukes is shown by the fact that he sought his nephew, Clark Breckenridge, cashier of the People's National Bank, on Sunday morning, and made a confidant of him. Shortly after Breckenridge and his uncle came out of the bank and walked across the street to the Jennings House and asked for Mr. Dukes. They were shown to his room. Nutt entered, Breckenridge remaining outside in conversation with the son in-law of the landlord. J. L. Feather. The porter who had shown Breckenridge up stairs had not disappeared when the noise of a struggle in Duke's room was heard. Then it was that Breckenridge and Feather, as already related, rushed into the room and parted the two men, who were rolling over the floor. Nutt was pulled to one corner of the room and Dukes to another. Then Dukes pulled his revolver and with the remark, "You came here to thrash me and I'll shoot you," fired. The bullet was fatal. Nutt fell and never spoke a word. After the fatal shot was fired Mr. Feathers succeeded—not, however, without a desperate struggle—in getting the revolver out of Duke's hands. Dukes then put on his coat and, without turning or looking at any one, walked swiftly down the back street to the jail and gave himself up to the Sheriff. He did not tell the Sheriff what he had done, merely remarking that there had been trouble down the street. A few minutes after the killing the Mayor, H. F. Detwetler, arrived at the jail. Dukes asked him, "How are matters down street?"

"Bad enough. He is dead."

Dukes shuddered, but said nothing.

A charge of wilful and malicious murder has been preferred against him before Justice Holmes by Coroner Sturgeon. Dukes has retained Charles E. Boyle and R. H Lindsey as his counsel. After the funeral an application will be made before Judge Wilson for a release on a writ of habeas corpus. Quite a number of visitors have called upon the prisoner today, but he declines to speak at all about the affair and is very much distressed.

WHAT TRANSPIRED IN THE ROOM.

The friends of Mr. Dukes defend the prisoner on the ground of self defense. Their version of the transaction in the hotel room is this: Captain Nutt struck at Dukes with his cane and the latter warded the blow from his head with his right arm. A large welt on the arm is pointed to in proof of this. Dukes must also struck the captain furiously, "for there are marks on the dead man's arm and also one upon his face. Mr. Feathers, one of the men who rushed into the room upon hearing the scuffle, says the men were eight feet apart when Dukes fired, but some think the witness was too excited to note accurately as to this fact. Captain Nutt said nothing about his family troubles except to his nephew, Clark Breckenridge, on Sunday. State Treasurer Baily, who was not only Nutt's superior, but also his personal friend, never heard of the trouble until after the shooting. Mr. Baily is convinced that the captain was determined either to wring a promise from Dukes to marry his daughter or to kill him, and that view is doubtless correct.

When the body was taken home there was a scene of anguish. Mrs. Nutt is very much prostrated this evening and it is feared she may not survive the shock. Mrs. Breckenridge, sister of the deceased, and her son, Clark, are both at the Nutt homestead. The funeral of Captain Nutt will take place at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, from the beautiful family mansion on Mt. Vernon. The Captain was a Free Mason, and the Fayette Lodge of that order will attend the funeral; so will the W. F. Stewart Post of the Grand Army, of which the deceased was a charter member. Company C of the Tenth Regiment of National Guard will also participate. The family belongs to the Presbyterian Church and Rev. Mr. Mitchell will officiate.

THE LIVING AND THE DEAD.

The town has rarely been so excited.

Greely as a Printer Boy.

Here in Poultney the New York *Tribune* was founded. Here its founder washed the forms, and carried water, and built the fires, and didn't sweep the news-room, and didn't carry out the ashes, and forgot what he was sent after, and let the pants sour, and lost the letters he was sent to mail, and upset the lye, and tried the usual experiments with the fancy joy type and finest colored inks in the way of fearful and wonderful visiting cards, and in all ways conducted himself even as the devil always does about a print shop. Here Horace Greely passed some years of his boyhood. I wandered about the village thinking about the good old man, and trying to think about the young printer, dusting off his cases with a pair of leaky bellows or "soldiering" for a pickup that was next to the last fat thing on the hook, just under a long take of solid nonpariel.

"Ladies' Tonic."

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY is prepared by the WOMEN'S MEDICAL INSTITUTE OF BUFFALO, N. Y., and is their favorite prescription for ladies who are suffering from any weakness or complaints common to the sex. It is sold by druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Ladies can obtain advice FREE. Send stamp for names of those who have been CURED.

MISCELLANEOUS.

B. F. Richmond & Son,

Druggists and Pharmacists,

No. 34 Main Street,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Fresh and Reliable Drugs, Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal Purposes, Purest Medicines, Fine Stationery, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, And a Full Line of Cigars Always On Hand.

Prescriptions Accurately Compounded Night or Day.

An Electric night bell connected with sleeping room gives special facilities for night calls.

W. T. CALLAR,

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS & MEDICINES!

TOILET ARTICLES,

Stationery, Etc., Etc.

—ALSO, DEER—

Wines & Liquors.

General Insurance Agency.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

W. T. CALLAR,
SMETHPORT, PA

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES.

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

C. V. GILLIS,

dealer in

Drugs and Medicines

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

MILLINERY GOODS.

LATEST

Fall and Winter STYLES.

Fine Ruchings Vellings, Knitting Silks, Worsteds & Notions.

All orders personally or by mail will receive prompt and careful attention. Prices warranted to please.

Miss E. CARSON.

In Kittredge Block Smethport, Pa.

F. M. BALL,

MANUFACTURER OF

WAGONS, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS, ETC.

Blacksmithing, Repairing, and Horseshoeing Done.

ALL KINDS OF PAINTING NEATLY EXECUTED.

WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

AGENTS Wanted Books & Bibles

Business Cards.

Hotels.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

E. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a first-class Hotel. A well stocked bar will hand is connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

H. S. SARTWELL, - - Prop't.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

Tables and bar constantly supplied with the best the market affords. Rates Reasonable.

PICARD'S HOTEL,

MAIN STREET,

Smethport, - - Pa.

M. H. PICARD, - Proprietor.

RATES REASONABLE.

This hotel stands nearly opposite the Court House, and is furnished throughout with all the conveniences of a first class house. A well stocked bar will kept bar is connected with the House. 22-tf.

Exchange Hotel.

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. H. BOWERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the travelling public.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

F. J. VICKERY, - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the Mail, A. & E. and B. N. Y. & P. R.R. Depots. The house has recently been rebuilt and newly furnished in the most modern style and is now a first-class house. 22tf

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - Proprietor.

The above House has been recently Refitted Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest Style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

330 *Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,*

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor

AKIN HOUSE,

No. 6, Washington St.,

BRADFORD, PA.,

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

Terms, $1 Per Day

Liberal terms to Commercial Travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables connected with the House. xvm46tf

Pierce House,

(Near B., R. & A. R. R. Depot.)

Water St., - - - - Smethport, Pa.

A. H. PIERCE, Proprietor.

Restaurant, Lunch Counter and Billiard Parlors connected. Everything new, having been just completed. Charges very moderate. 27tf

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

SCOTT HOUSE

E. L. SCOTT, Proprietor,

Port Allegany, Pa.

Business Cards.

S. A. BISHOP,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Smethport Pa.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for rent, sales of property and general collections. He will also attend to the business of the Bingham Estate, in McKean County. The office is over

IN THE GRAND CENTRAL BLOCK

ROBT. C. SHEPHERD,
Agent of the Bingham Estate.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 26, 1881. 1

Land Office of the Bingham Estate,

WELLSBORO, PENN'A, July 21, 1880.

All persons are hereby cautioned against cutting upon the unsold lands of this estate under any pretext whatever. Those who are now cutting upon said lands will be prosecuted with the utmost severity of the law. Any person who knows of the cutting by any person, firm or corporation, will confer a favor on the undersigned by giving information of the same, and will render valuable assistance in prosecuting the offenders.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of the estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact descriptions of the lands to which they refer, and the conditions of leases and contracts are explicit, and will be enforced. All cutting by trespass, or purchasers not in their contracts, will be dealt with by the law. All cutting by lessees not in accordance with their leases will be prosecuted. All cutting by purchasers not in accordance with their contracts will be prosecuted.

ROBT. C. SHEPHERD,
Agent of the Estate.

THE MINER.

Official Paper of McKean County.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

MINER BLOCK, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

SMETHPORT, McKEAN CO., PA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Payable IN ADVANCE, one year $1.50, six months, $1.00; three months, 15 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Rates for display advertisements made known on application.

Professional cards, not exceeding nine lines, $5.00 per year.

Legal, official and transient advertising, per square, three times or less, $1.00; each subsequent insertion, fifty cents. Executors and administrators notices $2.00 each for six insertions.

Foreign advertisements must be paid for before insertion, except on yearly contract, when satisfactory payments in advance will be required. No "stop orders" will be received. No "stop orders" with usual bases allowed. No "stop orders" unless accompanied by the money. Communications accepted, and local notices solicited from those only citizens only at regular rates charged in the patent.

All advertising contracts payable quarterly.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

H. C. SHAPLEIGH,
Editor and Proprietor.

Smethport, Pa., January 6, 1883.

THE civil service reform bill passed the Senate by a vote of 39 to 5. The minority voting against the bill were all democrats.

GAMBETTA, the great French statesman, who has been the most prominent figure in French politics for a score of years died on the morning of the 1st day of the month and year.

READ the article in another column from the Camden Courier headed "The Fast Mail Robbers." It shows how some high and lofty howlers about reform are not averse to practicing very differently from what they preach.

A TRAGIC event abruptly terminated the imposing New Years' ceremonies at the White House. Soon after paying his respects to the President, and while preparing to leave the mansion, Judge Elisha H. Allen, The Minister Resident from the Hawaiian Islands, fell suddenly to the floor and expired in a few minutes. He was 79 years of age and the best known in Washington of any member of the foreign legation. He was a Maine politician who went as United States Consul to Honolulu in Taylor's administration and became Minister of Finance to King Kamehameha III. He was afterwards Chief Justice and for a time Regent of the little kingdom, and since 1875 he has been the Resident Minister of Hawaii at Washington.

THE *American Reformer* is the title of a bi-monthly publication, published in New York as a revival, under a new name, of the *National Prohibitionist*, which died so early and untimely a death last summer. W. Mck. Gatchell, formerly of the Bradford *Star*, and Rev. J. W. Cushing are among the editorial writers and managers, assisted by many writers of merit and reform ideas of various sorts. It is a well arranged, well printed and well edited journal and well worth the price asked. We wish it every success, and if the business management is as intelligent hands do not see why it should not prosper.

OUR State Senator and the late Independent candidate for governor have succeeded in achieving an unenviable distinction as persistent and unreasoning obstructors of party harmony. They have assumed in all their utterances to be, above and beyond all, true Republicans, and that they only sought to defeat Beaver and the Republican ticket last fall as a "rebuke to the bosses." Beaver was defeated, a Democratic Governor and Legislature elected, a minority of forty odd thousand Republicans succeeded in defeating the will and wishes of the three hundred thousand majority of the party, and we should suppose the bosses and the party were sufficiently rebuked. At least all factions agreed that the lesson had been quite as severe as necessary, and that the work of securing harmony within the party was next in order. The first occasion for the exercise of a spirit of harmony was in the organization of the Senate, the Republicans having a majority in that body. Senator Reyburn seemed the most available candidate for President of the Senate. He was not identified with the "boss element." He was enough of an independent Republican to merit the support of our Senator two years ago. It was generally understood that his selection would do much toward harmony in the party. Mr. Emery said ten days before the meeting of the Senate that he was all for harmony, and as a Republican who ought to seek the harmony and success of the party that has so signally honored him it was not supposed that he would deem it an honorable return to use his position to still farther "rebuke" the majority of his party by doing all he could to throw the organization of the Senate into the hands of the Democracy, except to vote direct for its candidate. We believe Mr. Emery was disposed to support the almost unanimous choice of the Republican caucus. But he saw Senator Stewart, and these statesmen mutually agreed that it would not do for two such shining lights of independent republicanism to come into the party fold without a final "kick"—convulsive though it might be—to show that they were still free men and obeyed no dictation, imaginary or otherwise. They then sought for followers. Two were found. Twenty-six Republican Senators voted for Senator Reyburn, and he was elected. Senators Stewart and Emery, with their two staunch adherents, voted for Senator Law. Perhaps our Senator believes he can explain to his Republican constituents how in this the latest entry in his political record he and his three helpers have shown their superior wisdom, political purity and faithfulness to party principles and honor over that of their twenty-six Republican colleagues in the Senate. But we do not believe many of his Republican constituents care to hear it.

THE Bradford Sunday *Mail* in a recent issue announced the lawyer, editor and politician, R. B. Stone, as its candidate for Mayor. In the next issue, having discovered that its announcement was not very well received, the editor says it was a joke! What a brilliant joke, indeed! If the next Mayor of Bradford is as capable and worthy a citizen as R. B. Stone the city will be fortunate.

IT is worthy of comment and honorable mention that the management of the banquet in honor of Judge Wilson excluded wine from the bill of fare. Time was, and not long ago, when such action would have been considered almost an insult to the guests. Civilization is advancing, public sentiment is improving, and it is not now considered the proper thing to get more or less drunk at a banquet.

THE legal adviser of the city of Bradford gives it as his opinion, in a lengthy and carefully written document, that an entirely new set of city officers are to be elected at the ensuing February elections. Thus the voters of that city will be harrassed in mind over the selection of statesmen to fill the offices of Mayor, Controller, Select and Common Councilmen, and City Treasurer. If this decision is accepted as law it will be a disappointment to some of the councilmen and the City Treasurer, as they supposed their titles were good for another year at least. The election promises a right lively contest.

AMONG the possible candidates on the Republican ticket for Mayor of the city of Bradford, G. L. Roberts, of the law firm of Brown & Roberts, is prominently mentioned. Mr. Roberts is one of the most active of the young Republican workers of the city, is deserving of the promotion, and would make a capable and worthy chief officer of the city. While his senior partner, Hon. W. W. Brown, is representing the interests of the congressional district at Washington he could maintain the honor and dignity of the city at home. As President of the State Firemen's Association, and a prominent and popular member of the home fire department he may possess elements of strength that it would be unwise to ignore in a close contest.

Calling a Halt.

The Butler *Herald*, edited by Uncle Jake Ziegler, very truthfully says: "The returns of the late election show conclusively that had the Republican party been united Mr. Pattison would not have been elected governor. His election by a plurality of some 40,000 has turned the heads of some people, and it is necessary to put out the danger signals and caution them against hopeless political insanity. It behooves democrats to move cautiously and with a view to strengthen their lines for 1884, for the split in the republican party is not beyond remedy, especially if democrats, in their glee of having elected a governor once in twenty-five years, lose their heads and go wool gathering after a vain hope they are themselves incapable of achieving. The state committee should recognize the true situation of the party in this state, not only as to its future, but impotency to achieve victory without outside aid. It is worse than folly to go blathering and blowing about and saying "we did it." We did not do it. Had it not been for the aid given by the independents, not a man on the ticket would have been elected."

New Judicial District.

Congressman Scranton has introduced his bill to create the northern judicial district of Pennsylvania. It detaches from the eastern district of the states the counties of Dauphin, Perry, Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne, and from the western district Lackawanna, Susquehanna, Wyoming, Bradford, Tioga, Potter, Cameron, Clinton, Lycoming, Centre, Union, Snyder, Mifflin, Juniata, Northumberland, Montour, Columbia, Sullivan and Luzerne, and provides for holding circuit and district courts at Scranton, Williamsport and Harrisburg. The proposed new district is to be attached to and constitute a part of the Third judicial circuit.

Representative Scranton, in explanation of his northern district judicial bill, says: "The present districts were created in eighteen hundred and eighteen, since which time the anthracite coal regions and the large lumber and petroleum interests have developed the northern sections of the state in population and importance. There has long been a demand for a new district, especially from the northern counties. The litigants in Lackawanna and Luzerne counties for instance are compelled to go four hundred miles to Pittsburg to court, the expenses being a virtual denial of justice."

It is believed the Pennsylvania delegation will favor the measure. Both of the senators are for it and such of the representatives as have examined it. It will be an economical measure, not only to the people, but to the government. Federal buildings have already been provided for at the three points at which it is proposed to hold court. The only additional cost, therefore, would be the salary of judge, and the expenses of jurors and witnesses on the part of the government paid annually within the territory would more than make up the judges' salary of $8,000. The marshal, clerks, etc., are paid by fees as now and the inaccessibility of this territory to Pittsburg court has suppressed business from it. Therefore it is not the western end of the state that will oppose the bill.

Mr. Scranton is sanguine of the passage of the bill as the question of the length of the session will not intervene since it can be passed at any time under suspension of the rules after being reported, the Pennsylvania delegation being for it and no likelihood of outside opposition.

The bill will be introduced by Cameron in the senate at as early day, and will be pushed before both the judiciary committee of the senate and the house for an early report.—Williamsport Gazette.

Henry B. Payne, of Cleveland, who is president of the Standard Oil Company, is adjusting his telescope to see if there is any visible reason why he should not succeed George H. Pendleton in the United States Senate. Mr. Payne's platform is for reform, and no competition in the petroleum business.

THE FAST MAIL ROBBERY.

From the Camden, N. J. *Courier*.

The Philadelphia *Times* [illegible] had a leading and [illegible] article—under the [illegible] the pen of its able editor [illegible] A. K. McClure, denouncing the Congressional Representative from this district, and charging him with the defeat of a large special appropriation in the Post Office bill from a mere spirit of revenge and retaliation. Read between the lines by anyone not fully acquainted with the facts of the case, it was made to appear that General Robeson and his large following in the House which so unceremoniously struck out the item, were actuated solely by animosity against certain newspapers for their assumed part in the defeat of the republican party at the recent Congressional elections.

To show up the true inwardness of this "fast mail" scheme, as well as the animosity of the newspapers against those who accomplished its defeat, it is necessary to give a scrap of political history, commencing as far back as President Garfield's brief administration. The "Star Route Frauds" had not then been so fully exposed. The Post Master General of the United States had the spending of all the monies appropriated for carrying the mails under his own absolute control. He could "expedite" at his own sweet will, favoring one railroad company and discriminating against another at his pleasure—that is, of course, provided he did not exceed the appropriation for such purpose. It matters not now as to the right or wrong of a law conferring so much power upon one man—such was then the law.

When Gen. Thomas L. James entered upon his duties as Post Master General, a syndicate of newspapers, among the leaders of which were the *Press* and *Times* of Philadelphia, the *Commercial* of Cincinnati, the *Tribune* of Chicago and *Herald* of New York, entered into a conspiracy to use him to their advantage.

Mr James felt more than kindly disposed toward the syndicate and anxious to favor it. To one of the parties, Mr. Charles Emory Smith of the Philadelphia *Press*, he was particularly indebted, that gentleman having gone to Mentor, and personally solicited from the President elect and really secured his appointment in the Cabinet. On his accession to office the complaisant Post Master General acceded to the request of the Philadelphia members of the syndicate for increased fast mail facilities to especially favor them and place them on an equal footing with the metropolitan dailies, which heretofore had been reaching interior points of Pennsylvania several hours in advance of the Philadelphia morning dailies.

This request was complied with, and the first step was taken to rob the government in order to subsidize the railroads, enrich the mendicant journals and crush out the country press.

For the first two or three months the New York journals had held a monopoly of the business, but Colonel McClure, ever quick to snuff corruption from a far, dropped on the scheme, and concluded to take a hand in the "expediting" business. With this object in view the Colonel and the genial and shrewd Charles Emory Smith went to Washington and informed the Post Master General that they had tumbled to the game, and that they wanted him to understand that there were at least two "great dailies" in Philadelphia that needed "expediting," and that they were ready to squeal if they were not taken into the ring. Their request for "fast mail facilities" was speedily complied with, and shortly after the *Times* and *Press* were being delivered at Lancaster, Harrisburg, Reading and other inland cities in time to compete with the smaller dailies published in those towns. But the scheme did not alone have for its object the building up of the *Times* and the *Press* and the crushing out of the country newspapers. It was a bonanza for the Pennsylvania railroad, the gigantic corporation from which these twin journals their life and sustenance draw. The Post Master General not only had the authority for ordering the "increased mail facilities," but he had the authority as well for naming the railroad which would be benefited by this swindle against the government.

From what was a very small thing in the beginning, grew day by day, and soon assumed huge proportions. The "expediting" business struck in on such pure and unselfish reformers as Murat Halstead of the Cincinnati *Commercial* and Joseph Medill of the Chicago *Tribune* and they, too, got their fingers into the pie, and then, last March Congress found it necessary to make provision for a deficiency caused by this reckless and unwarranted expenditure of the people's money. It was found that this gigantic swindle, conceived and engineered by editors who are always preaching reform, had cost the government the neat little sum of four hundred and forty thousand dollars. Of course this created a discussion in the House, and what had been carried on so slyly by the newspaper robbers became a matter of public debate in Congress, and General Robeson promptly denounced it as a swindle, and declared that it was not only injurious to the country press, but was intended as a subsidy for the favored railroad companies.

As compared with the Star route, the "fast mail" scheme is the greatest swindle of the two. The people of the west petitioned the Post Master General, as has been abundantly proven in the trials, to expedite the mails on the Star routes, but the people never petitioned James to put on these newspaper trains, and nine-tenths of the people supposed the "great dailies" themselves were paying for the "special trains" they were blowing so much about, instead of robbing the government to enrich themselves and the railroads.

There is no necessity for faster mail facilities. In fact it could be made no faster than at present, it matters not how much the Government might expend. What these subsidized railroad organs call "fast mail facilities" is nothing more or less than a fast train to leave the great cities with no mail but the great dailies benefitted by this scheme, and we have been informed by a post office official that one of these "fast mail trains," that went out from Philadelphia on a certain morning last spring, had not a particle of mail aboard of any sort, except the *Times* and the *Press*, and that each copy on that morning train cost the government over ten dollars.

George C. Anderson, of Titusville, is insured for $313,000. This is said to be the largest personal insurance in the United States.

Efforts to secure harmony in the Republican party in the organization of the Senate is met by two Senators, Stewart and Emery, refusing to attend the party caucus. These two men feel that if peace should reign in the party they would sink to their just and proper level—and, therefore, peace is precisely what they do not want, and will not have, if they can help it.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

Marshal Henry says "to friends in Ohio" that he shall never leave his stone-quarry again. Probably there never was a rounder peg placed in a squarer hole than when Bluff Capt. Henry was taken from his stone-quarry and put in the highly-responsible office of Marshal of the District of Columbia merely because he was a good fellow and an enthusiastic admirer of the late President Garfield.—Buffalo Courier.

LEGAL.

Court Proclamation.

The Hon. H. W. WILLIAMS, President Judge, and the Hons. HENRY HAMLIN and P. M. FULLER, Associate Judges of the courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans Court and Court of Common Pleas for the county of McKean, have issued their precept, bearing date Friday, Sept. 29, 1882, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, at the borough of Smethport, on Monday, the 8th day of January, 1883, and to continue one week.

Dated at Smethport, December 18, 1882, and the 107th year of the Independence of the United States of America.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.

List of Petit Jurors

Drawn in the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County to be summoned for second Monday of January, 1883.

Abbey, G. P. Keating.
Archibald, W. B. Eldred.
Austin, Ira, Annin.
Baker, John, Milford.
Byham, W. T. Wetmore.
Buckley, Bemus, Annin.
Cook, Henry, Keating.
Cobbett, J. W. Hamilton.
Powell, Almon, Annin.
Ellis, G. Prentiss vale.
Fraley S. Rixford.
Glass, F. E. Foster.
Gallup, Orlando, New ch.
Holt, Martin, Foster.
Hazen, C. A. Liberty.
Hovey, A. C. Corydon.
Howder, Delmont, Hamilton.
Hyde, Newton, Keating.
Howard, James, Keating.
Truss, Allen, Milford.
King, Wm. K. Corydon.
Kent, John, Keating.
Moore, Frank, Smethport.
Morris, Jasper, Bradford.
McNalley, Barney, Annin.
Mosier, James, Kendall.
Manning, Perry, Liberty.
Miller, J. W. Bradford city.
Pratt, Joseph, Bradford.
Rockwell, N. J. Smethport.
Sullivan, John, Sergeant.
Sprague, John, Hamilton.
Tuttle, L. A. Rixford.
Vorse, Chas. Foster.
White, A. C. Norwich.
Wright, C. C. Keating.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
N. C. GALLUP, } Jury Com'rs.
O. F. COON, }

Attest: J. R. BROWNAMAN, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 16, 1882.

Trial List

For Second Monday of January, 1883.

1 Joseph Bailey vs D G Bayne; No 148, May term 1880 Judgment opened, ordered head of list.

2 D C Young, F N Taylor and Mrs. A E Taylor, executors of the estate of A N Taylor deceased vs L L Daniels and E Bonnie No 148 May term 1881; Feigned issues.

3 H F Thornton vs W F Corey; No 276 September term, 1882 Feigned issue.

4 John Community vs C L Ramsey; No 12 December term, 1879 Labor claim.

5 George Morrison vs C L Ramsey; No 13 December term 1879 Labor claim.

6 Thos Fennell vs S McAllister and James O'Neil; No 62 February term 1880 Labor claim.

7 J Lafon vs W H Reed; No 681 September term 1880 Labor claim.

8 C C Weaver vs E W Carothers; No 88 December term 1880 Labor claim.

9 J R Blair vs L C Farr and F M Fuller; No 178 December term 1877 Sci Fa to revive and continue lien.

10 Farrar & Trefts vs Titusville Pet. Co., Dist of Harris Adm; No 687 June term 1879 Assumpsit.

11 A Simons vs H Newell; No 838 February term 1880 Replevin.

12 Ferdinand Eschman, assignee of Jno H Dean vs Andrew Diffenderfer; No 788 June term 1879 Sci Fa Sur Mortgage.

13 Robert Reed vs Albert Wagner; No 778 June term 1879 Ejectment for land in Bradford township.

14 James Cassels and Ella A Cassels, his wife, in right of his wife vs Wellington Lord and Isaiah Rose; No 766 June term 1879 Trespass vi et armis.

15 James Cassels and Ella A Cassels, his wife, in right of wife vs Wellington Lord and A V Dawson; No 766 June term 1879 Trespass vi et armis.

16 D M Wright vs S S Moore and D J Keyser; No 688 September term 1879 Debt.

17 Amelia M Simpson and A J Simpson in right of A M Simpson, with said A J Simpson vs Jacob Chronister; No 797 September term 1879 Ejectment for land in Bradford township.

18 J Brisbin vs J Welsh; No 688 December term 1879 Assumpsit.

19 Henry E and Mary A Maynard, his wife, in right of Mary A Maynard vs Russell and Jefferson Bonaharan; No 888 December term 1879 Case.

20 James Cassels and Ella Cassels, his wife, in right of wife, vs A M Mosier; No 46 February term 1880 Appeal from Justice.

21 W J Rider vs M E Washburn and David Brooks; No 49 February term 1880 Appeal from Justice.

22 James Cassels and Ella Cassels, his wife, in right of wife vs B Durand and E Bartholf; No 14 February term 1880 Appeal from Justice.

23 Pratt vs Polish Gelding and W O Gridley, doing business as John Gridley & Son; No 281 February term 1880 Trover and conversion.

24 Milton Smathers and Francis E Smathers, his wife, in right of said Francis E, vs H W Strong and T J Vandergrift; No 889 February term 1880.

25 Willard Cummings vs John W Baron; No 870 February term 1880 Assumpsit.

JOHN R. BRAWLEY, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 30, 1882.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level & Smethport R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 1:30 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
D. T. HALL, Sec'y.
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-3t.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level & Kane R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 2 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
D. T. HALL, Sec'y.
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-3t.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 3 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
D. T. HALL, Sec'y.
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-3t.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Big Level & Kane R. R. Co. will be held at the Thompson House, Kane, Pa., Jan. 8, 1883, at 4 p. m.

By order of the Directors,
E. E. KANE, Sec'y.
Dec. 21, 1882.—1-3t.

List of Traverse Jurors

Drawn for Court of Common Pleas for Third Monday of January, 1883.

Austin, Merritt, Kendall.
Bartholomew, Dela, Hamilton.
Bishop, F. F., Annin.
Butts, David, A., Lafayette.
Boyer, Edward, Foster.
Bradner, D. G., Bradford city.
Colegrove, E. F., Bradford.
Cornelius, Samuel, Liberty.
Caufield, S. A., Eldred.
Colegrove, T. H., Norwich.
Caufield, William, Wetmore.
Caple, John, Annin.
Dreisbach, Lee, Foster.
Dempsey, R. A., Bradford.
Doyle, Michael, Eldred.
Dalrad, H. B., Foster.
Dexter, E. C., Liberty.
Eddy, William, Lafayette.
Evans, William, Norwich.
Foster, A. T., Bradford.
Howard, Henry, Annin.
Hyland, H. L., Oil Valley.
Hargreaves, J. M., Corydon.
Hooker, Alvin, Eldred.
Hackett, Albert, Keating.
Kinney, J. R., Annin.
Long, William, Eldred.
Mallin, Joseph, Annin.
Mallin, Henry, Eldred.
Morris, James, Bradford.
Pumbury, Hudson, Corydon.
Rice, H. M., Eldred.
Risner, Martin, Annin.
Steele, S. S., Liberty.
Tibbett, Spencer, Bradford.
Wells, C. R., Corydon.

A. I. WILCOX, Sheriff.
O. F. COON, }
N. C. GALLUP, } Jury Com'rs.

Attest: J. R. BROWNAMAN, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 16, 1882.

Trial List

For Third Monday of January, 1883.

1 Emma Wallace vs Augustus Day; No 150 February term 1877 Appeal.

2 E E Brown vs J Albone; No 6 June term 1877 Appeal.

3 B L Marsh and Isaac Blake vs O F Boardman and M M Collins; No 13 September term 1877 Appeal.

4 T J Lyon vs M Albone and Putnam Post; No 16 Sept term 1877 Appeal.

5 Abraham Lowe vs Jas Dreamgoos; No 19 September term 1877 Appeal.

6 Albert Eglesson vs Arthur Kane; No 20 September term 1877 Appeal.

7 P T Kennedy vs Jas Horrigan; No 23 September term 1877 Appeal.

8 S O Biddle vs H S Albone and P F Post; No 24 December term 1877 Appeal.

9 Frey and Baer vs J A Butterfield; No 4 December term 1877 Appeal.

10 Fred Chaplin for use of J M Chaplin vs D C Johnson; No 13 December term 1877 Appeal.

11 W E Rose vs J A Butterfield; No 6 December term 1877 Appeal.

12 J J Frost vs Jas Dreamgoos; No 7 December term 1877 Appeal.

13 S O Biddle vs H S Albone and P F Post; No 24 December term 1877 Appeal.

14 Fred Chaplin for use of J M Chaplin vs D C Johnson; No 13 December term 1877 Appeal.

15 M G Crittenden vs J Bellwood; No 11 December term 1877 Appeal.

16 Frank Mundy and Charles Gotshall vs T Mullin; No 15 December term 1876 Appeal.

17 F G Adams vs Frank Mosier; No 16 December term 1877 Appeal.

18 F W Otto vs H W Wagner; No 19 December term 1877 Appeal.

19 Smith and Fay vs R H Reeves; No 6 February term 1878 Appeal.

20 Henry F Adams vs Wm Sawyer. No 6 February term 1878 Appeal.

21 A Conley and R Mead vs W W Wilcox; No 7 February term 1878 Appeal.

22 L C Torrance vs C J Hamlin; No 9 June term 1878 Appeal.

23 W Faik, Jr., vs Brass and Boyer; No 12 June term 1878 Appeal.

24 Joseph Morton vs Joseph Morgan; No 20 September term 1878 Appeal.

25 F F Ware and David Hooper vs C D Longfellow; No 22 September term 1878 Appeal.

26 F F Ware and David Hooper firm name Ware & Hooper vs Thos Tait et al; No 24 September term 1878 Appeal.

27 F F Ware and David Hooper firm name Ware & Hooper vs Thos Tait et al; No 25 September term 1878 Appeal.

28 John Traverse vs John Chadwick; No 28 December term 1878 Appeal.

29 F W Bolger vs Reuben Green; No 29 September term 1878 Appeal.

30 Pardon Wardley use J W Hamley vs H J Merriman; No 34 September term 1878 Appeal.

31 C D Hamm vs Chas DeLisle; No 40 September term 1878 Appeal.

32 A J Kennedy vs C Wilder and —— Hildreth; No 5 September term 1878 Appeal.

33 H M Reynolds use of A Franklin vs David Hooper and Frank Ware; No 16 December term 1878 Appeal.

34 H W Mathers vs C D Langfellow; No 28 December term 1878 Appeal.

35 Willard Brown vs Hannah Vaughn; No 31 December term 1878 Appeal.

36 Henry H Hawley vs Jos M Topper; No 33 December term 1878 Appeal.

37 R S and Angeline Davis his wife for use of Angeline Davis vs George Abbott; No 36 December term 1878 Appeal.

38 J J Lyon vs James Hoag vs E Smith; No 39 December term 1878 Appeal.

39 W J Howard vs Joseph Bonker; No 39 December term 1878 Appeal.

40 F W Bolger vs E Connolly; No 41 December term 1878 Appeal.

41 Dana and Hamilton vs H J Pemberton; No 42 December term 1878 Appeal.

42 T C Elliott vs H J Pemberton; No 43 December term 1878 Appeal.

43 J T Adams vs John A —— Lamb; No 44 December term 1878 Appeal.

44 D C Young executor, trustee of the firm of Taylor & Young vs E J Wright; No 46 December term 1878 Appeal.

45 H M King vs the Pithoney oil Co; No 48 December term 1878 Appeal.

46 E W Hammon vs J W Hammon; No 5 February term 1879 Appeal.

47 C J S Bonker vs Thos McKane; No 6 February term 1879 Appeal.

48 J M Marrinet vs O C Wing & Co; No 9 February term 1879 Appeal.

49 J D Lanphear vs J F Abbott; No 10 February term 1879 Appeal.

50 Martin Anderson & Co vs Joseph M Topper; No 19 February term 1879 Appeal.

51 Fred Chaplin vs W J Rudolph; F M Rudolph W C Fairmont Jos H Wales & Co; Wales & Co vs Wales & Co; No 22 February term 1879 Appeal.

52 H M Lindsey vs W H Fairmont W H Rudolph F M Matlock W H Matlock Jos H Wales & Co; Wales & Co vs Wales & Co; No 22 February term 1879 Appeal.

53 Dan'l Wood vs Wales & Co; No 22 February term 1879 Appeal.

54 Allen S Judy vs Wales & Co; No 22 February term 1879 Appeal.

55 T Connolly appeal for Bradford Library Store vs Wales & Co; No 22 February term 1879 Appeal.

56 James Fox vs J W Humphrey; No 25 February term 1879 Appeal.

57 John Haughey vs R H Watkins; No 26 February term 1879 Appeal.

58 D M Wright vs Clark Wales; No 28 February term 1879 Appeal.

59 F A Jenkins vs Joseph Morgan and —— Morgan, with said Joseph Morgan and Brent; No 29 February term 1879 Appeal.

60 J J Patterson use E Middaugh vs E Kinsley; No 3 June term 1879 Appeal.

61 D McFadden use of E J Morgan vs J Morgan; No 4 June term 1879 Appeal.

62 Wm H Parker vs T B Kinney and County Commissioners vs Minor & Conley; No 5 June term 1879 Appeal.

63 F Hendricks vs Ralph Pettybone; No 6 June term 1879 Appeal.

64 F H and Josephine Jenkins vs Benjamin Hoyt; No 10 June term 1879 Appeal.

65 McDougall Avery Co vs H Chamberlain & Co; No 11 June term 1879 Appeal.

66 Martin Van Fleet vs C W Brown; No 20 June term 1879 Appeal.

67 John M Long vs C R Brown, No 699 June term 1879 Appeal.

68 C W Mason vs A P Brown; No 691 June term 1879 Appeal.

69 Wm. Fisk vs Walter Bennett; No 704 June term 1879 Appeal.

70 James Carroll vs Wm. Boynton; No 11 September term 1879 Appeal.

71 Peter Anderson vs H W Washburn; No 19 September term 1879 Appeal.

72 Henry McGee vs W A Saunders; No 28 September term 1879 Appeal.

73 Lowell vs Carpenter vs J P Abbott; No 29 September term 1879 Appeal.

74 C S Agard vs Henry Hobson and Sam Hobson; No 30 September term 1879 Appeal.

JOHN R. BRAWLEY, Clerk.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 30, 1882.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of Mrs. Anna Bennett, deceased, late of Bradford city, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all those having claims or demands against the same will make known the same without delay to

Bradford, Pa., Dec. 21, 1882.—6-6t.

Administrator's Notice.

Whereas letters of administration on the estate of Jeremiah Lyon, deceased, late of the township of Keating, McKean county, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make known the same without delay to

ADOLPHUS HILLAIRE.

Hamlin, Pa., Dec. 21, 1882.—6-6t.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given of the dissolution of the copartnership of the Andrus Tanning Company by expiration of the limitation of the Company's charter, on the 31st day of December, 1882. All persons having claims against the Company are requested to present them for settlement, and all indebted to the Company will please make payment to

J. A. CALWALLADER, Sec'y.
Smethport, Pa., Dec. 21, 1882.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SILVER WELD,

OF

REED'S CARPET HOUSE,

No. 100, MAIN ST., BRADFORD, PA.,

Will either on and after Monday, November 27, 1882.

Great and Unprecedented Inducements in

CARPETS, RUGS, MATS,

TOWELS, LINENS AND HOUSEHOLD DRAPERIES.

The Largest, Finest and Most Choice Selections ever Exhibited by any one House Outside of New York. Magnificent Display in

FUR-LINED AND SILK CIRCULARS.

If You want Reliable Goods in

SEAL SKIN SACQUES AND DOLMANS,

Remember DeSILVER WELD has the Goods at Low Prices, Also

Wolf and Bear Lap Robes.

Novelties in

Brass Goods, Banner Stands, Fire Screens, etc.

Special Opening in

Hassocks, Foot Rests, Blacking Cases, Willow and Fancy Baskets.

REMEMBER I am the Only exclusive Carpet and House Furnishing Goods Dealer in Bradford, and am bound by my sense of Reputation at home and abroad to keep on hand the finest goods and largest assortment and at the Lowest Possible Price, exclusively for Cash on delivery to all.

DeSILVER WELD.

H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches,

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

I have also on hand a fine assortment of LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

FALL LINE OF MILLINERY,

Consisting of

Hats, Turbans, Plumes,

In every variety. Special values in

Dress Goods, Silks, Plushes, Velvets,

SHAWLS, CLOAKINGS, HOSIERY, GLOVES, NOTIONS, Etc.

Full and Choice Stock of

UNDERWEAR

In all Grades and Sizes.

Cloaks, Dolmans and Ulsters At Buffalo Prices.

TRIMMING, By an Experienced Trimmer Hourly Come, at the lowest possible figure, if

MRS. T. D. NASH'S,

53 Main St.

J. BUSKEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

ALL KINDS OF

Monumental, Marble and Stone Work Done to Order

MAKE HENS LAY

Final Account.

A. W. SCOTT } In the Court of Common Pleas
vs. } No. 178, June Term, 1878.
JOS. DUKE. } No. 178 Court of Common Pleas

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that Joseph Duke, Administrator of A. W. Scott, has filed in the Prothonotary's Office in and for the county of McKean at his above named case his Final Account as Administrator of said A. W. Scott, and that the same will be presented to the Court of Common Pleas of said County for confirmation and allowance on the 12th day of February A.D. 1883, (3d Monday of February, next) at the Court House at Smethport in the county aforesaid unless cause be shown why such account should not be allowed.

JOHN R. BRAWLEY,
Prothonotary.

Smethport, Pa., Jan'y 5, 1883.—5-3t

For Sale.

Steam Saw Mill at Mildred, Pa. In perfect repair and doing a good business. About one and a half million lumber in Allegany river, with 16 acres of land, 4 dwellings, and about of lumber kept by Mr. Brawley. Will sell cheap.

Address, COLEMAN & BROWN,
Smethport, N.Y.

MEN WANTED ON SALARY.

We can want a few more reliable men to sell our Nursery stock. Any man of push, energy and perseverance can succeed without previous experience. Steady employment and pay liberal. Particulars free, on application.

Address, STARR'S NURSERIES,
Nos. 60, 62 & 64 Main St.,
(The Glass Exchange.) CLEVELAND, O.

BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDVEINT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber shop into his recently finished and commodious new Marvin Frost building next door to W. D. Gallup's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING AND HAIRDRESSING

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

BATH ROOMS ATTACHED.

A. REILLY,

Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

LIME,
LATH,
PLASTER and
PLASTERING HAIR

Furnished at the LOWEST RATES

MILK! MILK! MILK!

The undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Smethport and vicinity that his arrangements are finally completed, and that on Monday, February 5, he will establish a

NEW MILK ROUTE!

Pure, Fresh and Rich Milk.

At 6 Cents a Quart

until Spring, when the price will be reduced. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

Wm. Ramer.

Smethport, Pa., Jan' 5, 1883.—6-6t.

JAMES T. DONAHUE,

PLUMBER,

No. 3, Kennedy St., Bradford.

Lead and Iron Pipe for Water, Gas and Steam. Hub Tubs, Water Closets, Kitchen Boilers, Iron Sinks, Pumps, Etc.

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any KNOWLAN DEALER'S Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

Watches against the World for time and money

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See us.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

Thos. R. Frisbee,

GENERAL DEALER

—IN—

DRY-GOODS,

—AND—

GROCERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES,
Flour, Feed, &c.

LUMBER & SHINGLES.

CORYVILLE,

McKEAN CO., PA.

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

At A. J. Parker's Barn, NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT.

IRONS & PARKER, Prop'rs.

Persons desiring single or double rigs for Pleasure or Business Purposes can be furnished at all times with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., January 4, 1883.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

—C. S. King has disposed of the stock of goods in his store to Bullis Bros.

—There have been 129 deaths in Bradford city during the year just closed.

—The county Auditors met on Monday, and adjourned until the 8th instant.

—Under the administration of Postmaster Sprague the postoffice is conducted on strict business principles.

—The Griffith Brothers, of Kane, are contemplating the erection of a large saw mill at the head of Marvin Creek.

—Wilbur Oviatt's team drew 1976 feet of hemlock from Stickles Hollow to Bullis' mill last week. Good team and good sleighing.

—The many friends of W. F. Ormsby will sympathize with him in the loss of his wife, who was buried last week Thursday.

—Drs. Brown and McCoy made a successful amputation of a lower limb (below the knee) of Mrs. Moore, at East Smethport, on Tuesday.

—All the ice-houses in this borough are already filled with the finest quality of ice. Gifford's mill pond proved an inexhaustible source of supply.

—During the hunting season just closed Mr. Ghordis Oviatt, of Keating township has killed 20 deer. Can any other hunter in the county beat this record?

—The new Oil Exchange at Bradford was opened for business on Tuesday morning. It starts off with a healthy membership of 500 and a capital of $500,000.

—A special election has been called in Elk county on the 13th of February to give the voters a chance to decide whether or not they will build a county poor house.

—The distribution of presents from a christmas tree in the M. E. Church christmas night, was the occasion of pleasure to many hearts. G. W. Smith officiated at the tree.

—The Potter *Enterprise* states that nearly 500 divorces have been granted in this judicial district, composed of Tioga, Potter, McKean and Cameron counties, every year for eighteen years.

—The Smethport correspondents of the Bradford *Mail* and Potter *Journal* should apply for positions on the staff of some metropolitan journal. Such talents should be given wider latitude.

—Three murders in Pennsylvania on the day before Christmas. Here is a sad theme for moralist and a fat one for the misanthropist. No gracious restraint of place or association can repress the evil-minded men.

—If any of our readers are in want of a job where they can be insured a good salary and have their traveling expenses paid, they will do well to read the advertisement of Men Wanted, &c., which appears elsewhere.

—There are more dogs and watches assessed in the borough this year than ever before. This is either an indication of increased wealth and prosperity in the community or the assessor is a little more vigilant than before.

—The Bradford evening *Star* makes us blush when it says: "The McKean County MINER is twenty years old, and is one of the best weekly papers in the United States. It grows better with each issue, and merits the success."

—We have to thank the publisher, L. Lum Smith, for a copy of the December number of the *Oriental Casket*, a neatly printed monthly published in Philadelphia. It is only $1.80 a year, and the mystery to us is that such an amount of excellent matter can be furnished for so small a sum.

—The conductors and engineers on the B. B. & K. and E. B. & C. roads are looking glum over a reduction of wages from January 1st. The B. B. & K. boys are somewhat consoled (if it is any consolation) that their cut down is not as great as the E. B. & C. fellows. Some of the engineers on the latter road have resigned to make room for cheaper men.

—Arrangements have been made by Judges Williams and Olmsted to hold six terms of court this winter, in McKean county, so that the court business that is now in arrears may be wiped out as soon as possible.—Reporter. With the business of the courts three or four years in arrears and new business accumulating at a rapidly increasing rate our judges will do well if they "catch up" in as many years.

—A rough by the name of Jim Shea, full of poor whiskey, labored under the delusion that he owned the Grand Central last week Saturday and undertook to run the house. His six foot height, 200 pounds avoirdupois, big voice and loud defiance created very quiet respect among the bystanders, but he was soon led out by a friend. He needed a good thumping and ought not to have missed it.

Mercantile Appraiser.

The County Commissioners, at their last session in the old year, appointed F. K. Washburne, of Foster Township, Mercantile Appraiser for 1883. Among the number of applicants the Commissioners could not have made a better selection.

Masonic.

At the last regular communication of McKean Lodge 360 A. Y. M. the following officers were installed for the year 1883:

W. M.—J. A. Holder
S. W.—W. D. Gallup
J. W.—H. P. Brawley
Secy.—G. W. Smith
Treas.—D. R. Hamlin
S. D.—H. L. McCoy
J. D.—H. F. Barbour

Silver Wedding.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Richmond met and passed the 25th anniversary of their marriage last Thursday evening. The occasion was marked by the assemblage of friends, and a company of about 50 immediate friends and relatives were present with words and tokens of congratulation and good wishes. Many valuable presents were received and many wishes expressed that the happy couple might be blessed with another 25 years of journeying together.

The Judicial Banquet.

It was fitting and right that the bar of the county should in a measure express their regard and respect for Hon. S. F. Wilson by tendering him a complimentary banquet on the eve of his retirement from the bench. It was also fittingly done. Nearly every member of the bar in the county was present, and nearly every newspaper of the county was represented in response to the thoughtful invitation of their committee of arrangements. Messrs. Humphrey & Pierce, of the St. James, knowing the critical gastronomical tastes of the legal profession, took good care that there should be nothing lacking on the board, and there was not. W. B. Chapman officiated as master of the feast, and when the excellent bill of fare had been disposed of announced the toasts as arranged. In response to the various appropriate toasts happy and entertaining, speeches were made by Messrs. J. C. Backus, N. B. Smiley, J. G. Hall, W. W. Brown, R. B. Stone, B. D. Hamlin, E. R. Mayo, S. W. Smith, J. M. McClure and Sheriff Wilcox. The toast to "Our Guest" was of course responded to by Judge Wilson. His speech was the event of the evening, and was richly enjoyed. One should listen to it to be able to fully appreciate it. Some portions were as follows.

I am at a loss to know what I ought to say. It has been well said that the three great events of a man's life are his christening, his marriage and his funeral. The first two of these great events in my own life have been distinguished failures, but the magnificence of my funeral more than makes up for the other two. [cheer] You have gathered here to testify to my honesty and integrity as a judge. I take it for granted that that's what your gathering means. If you do not mean that you are lying about it, and it is not my fault if I assume as much. It is the proudest and happiest moment of my life, and I hope you will pardon a few personal references to myself. I well remember when I first went to Wellsboro many years ago. I didn't have a dollar in my pocket and not a relative in Pennsylvania. I didn't think I had a friend in the world and I guess I didn't look as if I had one. Worst of all, I had no education, but I determined to learn something if possible, and, with a few rudimentary books, walked up to the Academy. I was received by the teacher, a gruff old man named Pinkham, a hard-shell Baptist, who believed in the doctrine, "You'll be damned if you do and you'll be damned if you don't." I wasn't very smart, and when Pinkham gave me a seat the boys all appreciated me. [laughter.] I was asked to read, which I did to the best of my ability, but Pinkham ordered me to sit down, which I did., and the boys appreciated me still better. I gradually learned a little something. I was finally admitted to the bar and practiced with some success. I was sent to the Legislature, to the State Senate and to Congress, but I won the approbation of old Thad Stevens, one of the grandest men who ever lived. I have fully appreciated the honors which the people have conferred upon me, but all my previous honors combined do not compare to the reception which you have given me this evening. I have tried to be honest and just on the bench, and this shows that I have succeeded. But why speak further at my brilliant funeral. I can think of nothing more appropriate than the conclusion of a not very brilliant minister, whom I heard preach a funeral sermon many years ago. He said: "I must now say a few words to the beloved mourners of the deceased. We have dressed the corpse in his best clothes, and the deceased has been placed in a handsome coffin. What more can the deceased ask! Why should we mourn the departed corpse!"

Rather Personal.

During a few months past the editorial chair of the MINER has been occupied—and filled—by J. K. Graham, a well known Bradford journalist. His engagement closed on the first of January, and it is a source of regret to us—as also we believe it will be to our readers—that we are not able to retain his services. He is capable of good newspaper work and has done good work on the MINER. His services have at all times been faithful, careful and satisfactory, and we only fear that in taking personal possession of the editorial chair we may not be able to make our own work as satisfactory to our readers or our own demands as his has been.

A Trapper Trapped.

The County Commissioners are authorized by law to pay a bounty of $25 for every wolf killed in the county. A man by the name of Henry Durand has appeared within the past two years to be a very successful trapper of wolves, and has been paid a neat sum in the way of bounties. Last week he appeared at the Commissioners' office bearing three alleged wolves skins, upon which he claimed the bounty, aggregating $75. The Commissioners examined them carefully and concluded that they did not have the appearance of Pennsylvania wolves skins, but looked more like the outer covering of prairie wolves. Several old hunters well versed in the matter of game were called and pronounced them the skins of prairie wolves. Mr. Durand confessed that he could not prove by witnesses or circumstantial evidence that he had killed them in the county, which is rather strange as the matter of killing a wolf is sufficiently rare to always prove a subject of neighborhood comment in the wildest part of the county. The Commissioners very properly refused to pay the bounty without some evidence, and Mr. Durand departed, leaving the skins in their possession.

The circumstances point very strongly to the fact that he may be engaged in the shrewd game of palming off prairie wolves' skins as the genuine article and reaping a snug profit therefrom. If this is so, it is equally probable that the same game is being practiced in adjoining counties where large bounties are paid for deceased wolves.

Railroad Changes.

B. C. Williams, Superintendent of the Bradford, Bordell & Kinzua Railroad, and C. D. Williams, Superintendent of the Bradford, Eldred & Cuba Railroad, have resigned their respective positions, and R. G. Taylor has assumed the superintendency of both roads. Mr. Taylor is a gentleman of large experience in railroad management, and the stockholder and patrons of both roads will we are quite sure have no reason to regret the change.

Week of Prayer.

The week of prayer will be duly observed at the Methodist Episcopal Church, commencing next Sunday with appropriate sermons, morning and evening, and prayer services will be held each succeeding evening during the week.

A cordial invitation to attend, is extended to all.

E. P. HUSSELL Pastor.

In this report I shall give the general standing in scholarship, deportment, attendance and progress. I denote very good, 2 good, 3 poor, 4 very poor. In giving report of attendance I discount severely for lateness without excuse. I also desire to state here that this very great hindrance to the school's success will in the future be dealt with very severely.

	Scholarship	Department	Attendance	Progress
Jennie Haskill	3	1	1	1*
May Brennan	3	1	1	1*
Rena Richmond	3	1*	1	1*
Ella Wright	1*	1*	1	1*
Lena Wright	3*	1*	1	1*
Sadie Knapp	2	1*	1	1*
Lee Knapp	1	1	1	1*
Lallie King	3	1	1	1*
Neva Eaton	2	1*	1	1*
Addie Brownell	1*	1	1	1*
Eva Callar	1*	1	1	1*
Ella Freeman	1	1	1	1*
Clara Ormsby	2	1	1	1*
Minnie Rockwell	2	1	1	1*
Alta Comes	2	1	1	1*
Flora Marts	3	1	1	1*
Edith Shoemaker	2*	2	2	2*
Florence Kerns	2*	1	1	1*
Amanda Bease	2	1	1	1*
Ida Thamm	2	1	1	1*
Alma Brennan	1*	1	1	1*
Jennie Forsythe	3	1*	1	1*
Jessie Canfield	1*	1	1	1*
Millie Duntley	1*	1	1	1*
Nellie Brewer	2*	1	1	1*
Dellie Moody	2	1	1	1*
Mary Carlin	2	1*	2	2
Grace Badger	2	1*	1	1*
Millie Haven	1*	1	1	1*
Kittie Rice	1*	1	1	1*
Mabel Evans	2	1	2	2
Ella Bush	2	1	1	1*
Edna Keenan	1*	1	1	1*
Lena Pattison	2	1	1	1*
Mary Waller	1*	1	1	1*
Augusta Haughny	1*	1	1*	1*
Mary Mulfin	2	1	2	2
Rena Bush	2	1	2	2
Maggie Reilly	2	1	1	2
Maude Stephens	2	1*	2	2
Anna McNulty	2	1	2	2
Sarah McNulty	1*	1	1*	2
Millie Comes	1*	1	1	1*
Lena Bard	2	1	1	2
Mary FitzSimmons	1*	1	1*	1*
Lena Gillis	2	1	1	1*
Maggie McNulty	1*	1	1	1*
Carrie Vincent	2	1	1	1*
Kate Dyer	2	1	1	1*
Flora Burlingame	2	1	1*	1*
Myrtle Beckwith	2	1	1	2
Eva Bush	2	1	1	2
Ina Bush	2	1	1	2
Charles Sterrett	1	1*	1	1*
Clarence Blodget	1*	1*	1	1*
Frank Gray	2	1	1	1*
Ezra Williams	2	1	1	1*
Carlton Sprague	2	1	1	1*
Henry Brennan	2	1	1	6*
Elsen Pattison	2	1	1	1*
Packy Gorman	2	1*	1*	1*
Clayton Backus	2	2	2	2
George Backus	2	1	2	2
Carnain Rose	2	1	1	2
John Baker	2	1	1	1
Fred Baker	2	1	1	2
Bart Lyman	2*	1	1	2
William Detiarmo	M	1	1*	2*
Burg Chadwick	2	1*	1	1*
John Mullin	2	1	2	2
Frank Shattock	2	1	1	2
Ira Taylor	2*	1	1	2
Charles Taylor	2	1	1	1*
Charles Olds	2	1	1	2
Joseph McCarty	2	1	1	2
Willie Burlingame	2	1	1*	2
Clifford Burlingame	2	1	1*	2
Ross Duntly	1*	1	1	1*
Matthew Reilly	2	1	1	1*
Andrew Bush	1*	1	1	1*
Charles Bush	2	1	1	2
Murton Gallup	1*	2	1	2*
Hugh Golden	2	1	1	2
Mayland Welder	1	1	1	2
Webster Burdick	2	2	2	2

A * indicates a rating between that figure and the next in numerical order.

We hope to be able to give a better report at the end of our next term. We especially invite the patrons to unite with us in making our school the best possible. Respectfully submitted,

A. W. SULLIVAN, Principal.

Personal.

C. K. Bartwell has flitted toward Harrisburg,—a sure sign that the Legislature is about to meet.

Carl Bard, of Port Allegany, has been in town a few days, taking inventory of stock in C. S. King's store.

J. K. Odell has removed his family and household goods to Olean, where he proposes to take up his residence.

Hugh Brawley spent New Year's day in Bradford, and complains that it was a dull day there and too quiet for any use. He was glad to get back to a lively town.

Hon. D. H. Mitchell, of Titusville, father of Claude A. Mitchell, cashier of the Tuna Valley Bank of Bradford, died very suddenly at his home on Saturday night.

N. M. Orr, formerly of Duke Centre, has resigned the postmastership of Clarendon, Warren Co., in order to be able to meet the demands of his increasing law business.

Herman Hoelsche, formerly of Port Allegany, now traveling for a wholesale cigar and tobacco establishment of Philadelphia, enlivened our sanctum with his smiling countenance yesterday.

Hon. David Sterrett has gone to Harrisburg to enter upon his duties as representative in the House from McKean county. We predict that no more faithful, upright and able member will take his seat in that body this year than he.

Norman Goe is preparing a car load of necessaries, including horses, household goods and agricultural implements for transportation to Gen. Hazar's ranch in Missouri. Norman will make an excellent Quartermaster General.

Among the beautiful and costly presents hung on the trees Monday evening, was a handsome gold watch, for the highly esteemed lady of the M. E. Parsonage, Mrs. W. B. Wagoner, a token of respect and esteem from her many friends.—Rushford Spectator.

The retirement of Judge Olmsted from the practice of law to assume the bench necessarily dissolves the well known law firm of Olmsted & Larrabee. The remaining member of the firm has taken in partnership Mr. W. I. Lewis, formerly of Duke Centre, this county, and the new firm name is thus Larrabee & Lewis. There are few young attorneys who have so rapidly gained professional standing and success as our friend Lewis. It is not luck, either. It is the legitimate result of earnest, thorough work and character. He has hosts of friends in McKean county who will wish him all the success he desires in his new field.

—Dr. Sadler, Oculist and Aurist, of Pittsburg, Pa., will be at the Riddell House, Bradford, Pa., Tuesday January 2nd, until Saturday noon, January 6th for consultation on all diseases of the eye, ear, nose or throat. 3-11.

He Blew Out The Gas.

The Clearfield *Citizen* says that a man named Conkling, of Kane, Pa., stopped at the Leonard House on Thursday night last. When the clerk went to Conklin's room to call him for the early train Friday morning he was unable to awaken him. An entrance was effected by way of a window and it was found that the stranger was unconscious and the room was filled with gas. It was with difficulty that the man was brought out of his stupor, and then he informed the clerk that he had blown out the gas when he retired, being ignorant of the manner of putting out the light. Had the man been allowed to remain undisturbed in the room until his breakfast time his spirits would have flown to the beautiful beyond. As it was, he left on the train a sicker but not a wiser man, for he blew the gas out the second time just before leaving the room. Rush ignorance is remarkable.

—Dr. Sadler the eminent and well known Oculist and Aurist of Pittsburg, Pa., will spend the first week in January at the Riddell House, Bradford. All persons suffering from diseases of eye or ear should avail themselves of the opportunity of consulting him. 3-11.

MARRIED.

BOLLY—EASTMAN.—By E. P. Tell, J. P. at Myrtle, Pa., Dec. 26, 1882, Mr. Wm. Bolly and Miss Mary Eastman, both of Custer, Pa.

CARTER—HOLMES.—At the home of the bride, Dec. 28, 1882, by Rev. E. P. Hussell, Sumner P. Carter, of Annin, N. Y., and Mama Holmes, of Smethport, Pa.

BABCOCK—GORDON.—At the M. E. Parsonage, Smethport, Pa., Dec. 27, 1882, by Rev. E. P. Hussell, Mr. Alonzo Babcock, and Miss Lydia Gordon, all of Farmersville, N. Y.

BERGSTRESSER'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY

SMETHPORT, PA.

FINISHING AND ENLARGING

A Specialty.

Framing and Viewing

Of all descriptions promptly executed.

Frames of all Kinds.

—LOOK FOR—

L. W. Mason's

—Special Prices on—

General Hardware,

STOVES AND TINWARE,

Housekeepers' Hardware,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

In This Space NEXT WEEK.

P. S. I have the Best Tinner in the County, and No Mistake.

THE

MECHANIC ST.

GROCERY AND BAKERY

Has the Best

Groceries

And

Provisions,

The Finest Assortment of

Canned Goods,

The Best

50 Cent Tea,

The Choicest Brands of

Tobaccos and Cigars,

And the Finest

WOODBINE FLOUR,

Roller Process, in the Market.

OUR FRESH

Bread and Cakes

Made daily by one of the Most Experienced Bakers in the County.

Call and Examine our Stock and Prices.

ORDERS FOR

SLAB WOOD

left at the store will be promptly filled.

L. J. GIFFORD, Proprietor.

LIVERY and Exchange Stables

At The Bennett House Barn.

G. R. & C. H. MOORE, Proprietors.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

to drive any distance. Hearses, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

CUTTERS, BUGGIES, ROAD WAGONS, CARRIAGES, AND SLEIGHS, ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted, and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET.

W. H. Wetenhall.

Smethport March 15, 1881.—tf.

F. C. PIERCE,

Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

OFFICE—Over L. W. Mason's Hardware Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 26tf.

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

F. C. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

drive any distance. Hearses, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates.

E. B. FREEMAN,

General

Insurance Agent,

Office over Richmond's Drug Store.

FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT POLICIES.

BROWNELL BROS

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods,
Notions,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries,
Provisions, etc.

AGENT FOR THE

White Sewing Machines

OUR MOTTO—"Justice to all."

Smethport, - Pa.

February 6, 1882. 6-17

Smethport SASH FACTORY.

Near the McKean & Buffalo Depot.

Sash, Doors and Blinds,

Matching, Mouldings,

Brackets, Planing, Turning, Etc.,

On Hand and Furnished at Short Notice.

J. G. Strong, Prop'r.

NEW

Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., always on hand.

—ALSO,—

VEGETABLES

IN THEIR SEASON.

Highest market price paid for Hides.

G. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street, - - - Smethport, Pa.

26tf

J. G. HAMLIN & CO.,

—DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

AGRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

Full Line of Fall and Winter

CLOTHING

In Northwestern Pennsylvania.

Citizens of Smethport and vicinity,

RUSLANDER

THE SQUARE DEALING CLOTHIER

OF BRADFORD, PA.,

Hope leave to say before you a few of his prices and Specialties.

Men's Heavy Mixed Overcoats,	$3.00
Men's Brown Chinchilla Overcoats,	5.00
Men's Fancy Chinchilla Overcoats,	$5.00 to 7.50
Men's All Wool Overcoats,	8.00

Also, a full line of FANCY, DIAGONAL, WORSTED AND DRESS OVERCOATS ranging in Price from $12.00 to $30.00

In Men's Suits can offer the following:

Union Cassimere Suits - - $4.50 to 6.50
Black Diagonal in Sacks or Frocks, $5.00, 6.00, 7.00

Cassimere and Dress Suits of every Quality and Description.

OUR BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S

DEPARTMENT.

Special attention of the Ladies is called to this Branch of the Business. Without any exaggeration I have the Finest, Largest and Most Complete Stock of

CLOTHING FOR BOYS

And CHILDREN'S WEAR that can be found in any Establishment outside of New York.

If You Are in Need of

Children's Play Suits,	Boys School Suits,
Children's Cassimere Suits,	Boys Heavy Cassimere Suits,
Children's Fancy Cheviot Suits,	Boys Fancy Cassimere Suits,
Children's Black Diagonal Suits,	Boys Fine Diagonal Suits,
Children's, Kilt Suits,	Boys Blue Tricot Suits,

CALL ON ME AND I WILL GUARANTEE SATISFACTION IN STYLES AND PRICES.

Remember the Place,

RUSLANDER,

The Square Dealing Clothier,

88 MAIN ST. 88

Duke and Wright Block,

BRADFORD, PA.

D. C. YOUNG

Has the LARGEST Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

—In the County—

NEW GOODS,

LOW PRICES,

Complete Assortment of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING,

Groceries and Provisions,

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

NEW STYLE DRESS GOODS,

Ladies' Fine Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs,

Elegant stock Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Large Line of Flannel, and Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings,

A Specialty made of

FINE TEAS.

BEST QUALITY OF CANNED GOODS.

No. 1

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

BEST QUALITY OF

FLOUR AND MEAL

At Lowest Prices.

And every thing else usually kept in a country store. Call and examine for yourself. A pleasure to show goods.

MAIN ST. BACKUS BUILDING.

Smethport, Pa., Oct. 5, 1882.

Vol. XX.

Joseph Cook.

The following able article from the pen of Rev. Dr. Huntington, pastor of the M. E. Church of Bradford will be read with interest. It is a reply to an editorial in the *Bradford Evening Star*, on a subject of a lecture recently delivered by Mr. Cook in that city

To the Editor of the Star

DEAR SIR—I notice in your issue of Saturday last an article upon Joseph Cook, his recent lecture in Bradford, etc. Having listened to Mr. Cook on the occasion alluded to, and having read with some attention your editorial, I am compelled to believe that your paper has fallen into some mistakes which are misleading. Will you allow me therefore to place before your readers a few observations by way of pointing out such errors as seem to me to be hardly just to Mr. Cook and possibly hurtful to the cause of truth

I shall say nothing concerning your criticisms of Mr. Cook's "oratory" and grace of elocution. The man who attracted and held such audiences as have waited upon him in Boston and other principal cities of the country for a series of years, whose lectures have been the admiration of scholars on both sides of the Atlantic, and whose services are now in greater demand than ever before, needs no defence as a public speaker, and will be little harmed by the mention of "certain crudities of manner." Mr. Cook has something to say and he says it. Like every man of deep convictions he is more intent upon thought than upon its dress. Judged by the books, possibly some of your points are well taken, but when a man gives us gold, we should not pay much attention to the art displayed in the coinage and should not be particular which thumb and finger he uses in passing it to our hands. I am surprised, however, that you should attribute Mr. Cook's "down cast eyes" to "absence of candor," rather than to that unbroken thoughtfulness for which he is so remarkable. I think you are not acquainted with him.

And when you speak of "the comparative oblivion of a country pastorate in which he was lately immured," it is of little consequence that you made use of the word lately when you referred to the first year of Mr. Cook's labors after his graduation in theology, and of still less importance that you wrote country when city was the fact. But it is of very great significance that, in alluding to the obscurity of his early life, you have placed him in the list of the greatest and most influential characters of which America boasts. I need not mention names to an editor.

You certainly misapprehend Mr. Cook in reference to what he named as the fifth of the seven wonders of the world. It was not the triumph of Christianity in general which he treated as the wonder. It was the fact that it had gained as much in the last century as during nearly eighteen centuries before. This fact does not strike you as wonderful perhaps. You think the "remarkable growth of Christianity in the present century has been mainly due to the social auxiliaries of the church." In this sentence you have mistaken an effect for a cause. All the facts in the case go to show that the social auxiliaries which are really helpful to Christianity have been borne of its progress.

You think that Christianity has triumphed by making "repeated and important concessions to the demands of modern civilization." You do not tell what these concessions have been and I cannot imagine. Christianity has produced a civilization of its own and has been lifting it higher and higher as the decades have passed. I am sorry that you have presumed to commit Mr. Cook, with a "may be" to an indorsement of "the wonderful heathen civilizations" as the source of the information of heathen nations, when he took so much pains to tell us that the improvement in these nations was due to intercourse with Christian nations. Plainly, indeed, did he show that the influence of England and the United States has had largely to do with these reformations.

You affirm that "character, in its general sense, is not the condition of admission into the church." I affirm that character is the first, most essential and most insisted on condition of admission into the evangelical church. You think the church has substituted "faith" for character, and, from your closing paragraph we learn the meaning you attach to the term faith, doctrinal belief. I need not tell you that this is not the evangelical significance of that word. The church insists, not so much upon faith in a doctrine as faith in a Personal God in a Personal Savior, in a Divine government, in the reality of the unseen and in the possibilities of redeemed humanity. This faith is a power, the mightiest power which works upon or is wielded by man. It makes character. It is faith which fits man, not only for the church, but for anything else which is great and good. It was a faith which was fought for in the war of the Rebellion, it was faith which held soldiers under fire, and which gave firmness to the nation's leader when the veteran statesmen of his own counsel shivered in the darkness. And it was Christian faith which made martyrs sing in the flames, and has built the noblest characters and led to the most self-sacrificing deeds. Let the church insist on faith.

One phase of the article I am unable to appreciate. You assume to pity that unfortunate Christianity which obliges itself to carry the heavy load of scripture inspiration. You seem to apprehend sad failure for her unless she drops such dead weights; but you appear quite sure that when she casts off such needless appendages and throws aside her "crutches of faith," her triumphal progress" will be truly wonderful. Now, I cannot be grateful for such sympathy and I have no fears or expectations of the fulfillment of such a prophecy.

In the first place, the unparalleled progress of Christianity during the last fifty years has been almost wholly in the growth of churches, which as churches, have held with undeviating firmness to the doctrines of Bible inspiration, vicarious atonement and regeneration by the Holy Spirit. Further than this, the leading minds in this movement, scholars, writers and evangelical workers, have placed these doctrines more emphatically in the front rank of truth than they have ever been placed before. Never has there been such a demand for the Bible before as during these years, and never has it been studied and preached so extensively as the Word of the Lord.

Side by side with these churches, four other denominations have discarded all these doctrines. From your point of view they have had special opportunities for grand achievements. They have not been held back by the "sacreligious attempt to prove the impress of Divinity where Divinity has not made itself manifest," they have called to their aid "social auxiliaries and other organizations in the nature of the club," they have claimed more than "rays of intellectual light" and of course have been able to throw aside the "crutches of faith" and yet what have they done? The answer is significant. While the evangelical churches have gained more than seven millions and a half of communicants, the four liberal unorthodox Antitrinitarian denominations altogether aggregate sixty-four members less than forty-two years ago. At the begining of the present century, within a circle twenty miles in diameter, taking the city of Boston as the centre, there was twenty-three non-orthodox churches to eighteen orthodox. Now within the same territory, there are two hundred and fifty-seven evangelical churches to eighty-one of the so-called liberal churches. Pray, sir, Christianity will never reach the millenium by your survey. Possibly you may have seen the address of Rev. George Ellis, D. D., delivered last month before the "Unitarian Club," of Boston. He concedes that the "Liberal contestants have been worsted." He leaves the members of the club to the alternative of accepting the Bible and returning to orthodoxy, or of rejecting it altogether and going over to the ranks of infidelity. All honor to Dr. Ellis, in that he throws off the nickel-plate of "Liberal Christianity" and faces the cold dead metal of unfaith like a man.

In conclusion, allow me to say that I neither seek nor accept controversy, but have written this much, hoping in some humble measure to serve that which will continue to triumph when both our pens cease to move—the truth. Wishing you, in your work as a public teacher, all the qualifications which may enable you to benefit your fellow men, I am, dear sir,

Yours, Sincerely,
D. W. C. HUNTINGTON.

BRADFORD, Dec. 18, 1882.

NOT AFRAID OF CONKLING.

A LITTLE MAN FROM BOSTON WHO ORDERED HIM OUT OF HIS SEAT.

Conkling was in the supreme court room to-day, waiting his turn to address the court in an important railway case in which he is counsel. He looked finer even than a "prize ox," and seemed to enjoy the admiration of the large number of ladies who thronged the court room during the day. There was an incident connected with the ex-senator's trip to the capital last night which was told about the halls of congress to-day, and which exited some amusement. Everybody who has any acquaintance with Mr. Conkling knows that he assumes a great deal of dignity, and that he resents any attempt at familiarity, particularly from strangers, with a coldness of manner that is crushing. It seems that when Mr. Conkling boarded the train at Jersey City he unfortunately took the wrong seat in the parlor car. Soon after the train started, a young fellow—a bantam sort of a man—approached the ex senator, looked at the number of the chair, gazed at the occupant a moment in a cool, half-impudent sort of a way, and said: "It seems to me that you have got plenty of cheek." Mr. Conkling looked at the man for a moment with a haughty stare, and replied: "I do not understand your impertinence, sir. "Oh, I'm impertinent, am I?" responded the little man. "Well, I'll be blanked if you dont get out of that chair you will find that my impertinence is the least disagreeable part of me. I've paid my money for that seat, and I dont intend to be imposed upon and forced to give it up by any dignified old cock like you. Get out of it as soon as you can. Here, hold my overcoat a moment until I find my ticket and I will show you my number." With this the man threw his overcoat across Mr. Conkling's knees and proceeded to search for his ticket. He soon found it and quickly proved that the seat was his. Mr. Conkling arose and offered an apology for having made the mistake. "Oh, you needn't apologize," said the little man. "I've been through all this before. I knew if you could have beaten me out of my seat you would have done so, but I've traveled a little myself and know how to take care of myself. Dignity and size don't count for much with me." The little man, whose name is Guernsey, and who is from Boston, gave the details of his little scene with the ex senator to a number of newspaper men at the capital this morning. He says that after the affair was over the conductor came to him with the expectation of paralyzing him by telling him who the gentleman was with whom the controversy had occurred. The conductor was surprised that Mr. Guernsey wasn't overcome with remorse because he hadn't permitted Mr. Conkling to occupy the chair unmolested.—Chicago Times.

A Young Man's Peril.

They were in to see a lawyer yesterday—Mary Ann and her mother. Mary Ann was a little embarrassed, but the old woman was calm. When they spoke about a breach-of-promise case the lawyer asked:

'What evidence have you got?'

'Mary Ann, produce the letters' commanded the mother, and the girl took the cover off a willow basket and remarked that she thought 927 letters would do to begin on. The other 651 would be produced as soon as the case was fairly before the court.

'And outside of these letters?' queried the lawyer.

'Mary Ann, produce your diary,' said the mother. 'Now turn to the heading of 'Promises,' and tell how many times this marriage business was talked over.'

'The footing is 214 times,' answered the girl.

'Now turn to the heading of 'Darling,' and give us the number of times he has applied the term to you.'

'If I have figured right the total is 2264 times.'

'I guess you counted pretty straight, for you are good in arithmetic. Now turn to the heading of 'Woodbine Cottage,' and tell us how many times he has talked of such a home for you after marriage.'

'The footing is [illegible]'

'Very well. You [illegible] sure that we have a case. Guess has Charles Henry said he would die for you?'

'Three hundred and fifty,' answered the girl as she turned over a leaf.

'How many times has he called you an angel?'

'Over 11,000, mamma.'

'How about squeezing hands?'

'Over 884,000 squeezes.'

'And kisses?'

'Nearly 417,000.'

'There's our case,' said the mother, as she deposited basket and diary on the lawyer's table. 'Look over the documents, and if you want anything further I can bring in a dozen neighbors to swear to facts. We sue for $10,000 damages, and we don't settle for less than an eighty-acre farm, with buildings in good repair. We'll call again next week. Good day, sir.

A TERRIBLE RESPONSIBILITY.

Washington Despatch to Cincinnati Commercial.

Very few people know the inside history of Bristow's fight with the express companies when he was secretary of the Treasury. The express companies made what Mr. Bristow thought were exorbitant charges for carrying currency to the great distributing point of the New York Sub-Treasury. He told the companies that a lower rate must be conceded, or he would take the business away from them. The companies were defiant. This is the way the express companies were circumvented. The Secretary selected a trusty special agent of the Treasury, who simply put the currency in a valise and went over to New York as an ordinary passenger on the night train. Thomas Cavanaugh, the Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms under the gallant Colonel Hooker in the House, was the special agent selected for this work. He is a tall, broad-shouldered, deep-breasted, manly-looking specimen of humanity. His square, resolute, sun-browned face is accentuated by a crisp, curling mustache, completely hiding his mouth. His straight nose, clear blue eyes and square jaws stand out in a face remarkable for its combination of good nature and iron resolution. Mr. Cavanaugh used to set out from the office of the Secretary of the Treasury after night with a valise simply stuffed with Government currency. One night he had in his bag $750,000 in greenbacks. Every dollar ever entrusted to him was safely carried. Not a penny was ever lost. His pay from the Treasury was his regular one, $6 per day and his traveling expenses. He gave no bonds for this work, as the law recognized no such funds. The Secretary had absolutely no protection beyond Cavanaugh's individual honor. If he had run away with an odd million at any time, he could not have been prosecuted for more than a breach of trust. In the carrying of this money, Cavanaugh carried more than his life in his hands. If it were even suspected that he was carrying sums over in a section of a New York sleeper, as an ordinary passenger, he would certainly have been attacked. If he had been robbed, nothing but his death in defending his trust could have saved him from the scandal of being classed by many as a guilty participant in the robbery. Toward the last Cavanaugh became very nervous. He used to start out with his money in one hand and a revolver in another, hidden in the pocket of his great coat. A close couple took him down the avenue. In the sleeping-car, toward the last, he slept but little. Some one was always reaching across his gashed throat for the money placed in his trust. It was a great relief when this dreadful responsibility came to an end and he was able to go back to his ordinary duties. To-day Cavanaugh is again carrying Government money. He is the official who takes from the treasury the money needed in the business office of the Sergeant-at-Arms' office, where the members are paid. Bank cashiers and men in high trust could find much to learn in the rugged, unassuming integrity of Thomas Cavanaugh.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from active practice having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it is his duty to make it known to his fellows. The recipe, with full particulars, directions for preparation and use, and all necessary advice and instructions for successful treatment at your own home, will be received by you by return mail, free of charge, by addressing with stamp or stamped and self addressed envelope to

DR. J. C. RAYMOND,
174 Washington Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, proves them the best and most effectual purgative Pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use, and being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other Pills can be compared with them; and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them, when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are especially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for children and weakened constitutions, where a mild but effectual cathartic is required.

For sale by all druggists.

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
We ask the sufferer to try one box of this vegetable compound. It will relieve in one day. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Send for it. Dry or liquid sent by mail or express. Price $1.00. Liquid can be had of druggists everywhere. Sold by Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.
PILES. Over one thousand cases of the worst kind of Piles in every form have been cured by Kidney-Wort. Many cases of 20 and 30 years' standing. Sold by druggists. Price $1.00. Dry can sent by mail. Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.
If you have either of these troubles you will find Kidney-Wort the remedy you need.
PRICE $1.00 DRY OR LIQUID
KIDNEY-WORT

Failing!

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only cure remedy yet found is BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and strength.

This is why BROWN'S IRON BITTERS will cure kidney and liver diseases, consumption, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, malaria, intermittent fevers, &c.

Mrs. Frank C. Robinson, New Orleans, La., writes:
I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing and was growing weaker every day. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, and am happy to say I am having an appetite, and am getting stronger.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is not a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is the only preparation of Iron that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Don't be imposed on with imitations.

MASONIC HALL
FURNITURE STORE!
Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of this vicinity and county with

FURNITURE
of all kinds and of
PRICE AND QUALITY
to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of
WALL PAPER!
Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited
CALL AND SEE US
in our location, and
Look at our Stock
SPECHT & SASSE,
Main St., Smethport, Pa.

CALL ON
C. L. DOUGLASS
For Your
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
Boots & Shoes, Etc.
He keeps on hand the best goods the markets afford. Also Proprietor of
SMETHPORT GRIST MILL
Feed and Meal
of the very best quality at the very lowest prices. Custom work done on short notice.
Mechanic St., SMETHPORT, PA.

WHY DO YOU
Go away from home to
BUY HARNESS GOODS
when you can get
BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.
I employ none but
FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,
And my work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind.
These goods are all hand-made by first-class workmen and with first-class material, using both Measimet and Oak tanned leather.
CALL AT MY SHOP and I will see what you that I can do better by you than one may imagine desires.
GLEASON & LEMMLER.
Smethport, Pa. April 24, 1879

WAGON,
Carriage and Blacksmith Shop,
MECHANIC ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Wm. Masser, - Prop'r.
HORSESHOEING!
A SPECIALTY.
The Greatest Care Taken in Shoeing Horses with
Bad Feet!
All kinds of Repairing done to order on short notice.

Harper's Bazar.
Illustrated.

This paper or journal is a rare combination of literature, art and fashion. Its stories, poems, and essays are by the best writers of Europe and America; its engravings possess the highest artistic excellence; and in all matters pertaining to fashion it is universally acknowledged to be the leading authority in the land. The new volume will contain many brilliant novelties.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
Per Year.

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Bazar*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883.
Harper's Weekly.
Illustrated.

Harper's Weekly stands at the head of American illustrated weekly journals. By its unparalleled position in politics, its admirable illustrations, its carefully chosen serials, short stories, sketches, and poems, contributed by the foremost writers and authors of the day, it carries instruction and entertainment to thousands of American homes.

It will always be the aim of the publishers to make *Harper's Weekly* the most popular and attractive family newspaper in the world.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the Weekly begin with the Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Weekly*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1 00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883.
Harper's Magazine.
Illustrated.

Harper's Magazine begins its sixty-sixth volume with the December Number. It is not only the most popular illustrated periodical in America and England, but also the largest in its volume, the most beautiful in its appointments and the best magazine for the home. A new novel, entitled "For the Major," by CONSTANCE FENIMORE WOOLSON, the author of "Anne," was begun in the November Number. In literary and artistic excellence the *Magazine* improves with each successive number. Special efforts have been made for the lighter entertainment of its readers through humorous stories, sketches, &c.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.
Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4 00
The THREE above publications	10 00
Any TWO above named	7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage Free to all Subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The volumes of the *Magazine* begin with the Number for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current Number.

The last Eight Volumes of *Harper's Magazine*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $3 00 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index to *Harper's Magazine*, Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified, for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1850, to June, 1880, one vol., 8vo, Cloth, $4 00.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883.
Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY—16 PAGES.
SUITED TO BOYS AND GIRLS OF FROM SIX TO SEVENTEEN YEARS OF AGE.
Vol. IV. Commences November 7, 1882.

The *Young People* has been from the first successful beyond anticipation.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

It has a distinct purpose, to which it steadily adheres—that, namely of supplanting the vicious papers for the young with a paper more attractive, as well as more wholesome.—*Boston Journal.*

For sustained elegance of engraving, and constant generosity, it is unsurpassed by any publication of the kind yet brought to our notice.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

TERMS.
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, For Year, Postage Prepaid. $1 00
Single Numbers, Four Cents, each.
Specimen copy sent on receipt of Three Cents.
The Volumes of *Harper's Young People* for 1881 and 1882, handsomely bound in Illuminated Cloth, will be sent by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of $1 00 each. Cover for *Young People* for 1883, 50 cents; postage, 10 cents additional.
Remittances should be made by Post Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.
Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.
Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

CONSUMPTION
A POSITIVE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION IN ALL STAGES.
For Bleeding at the Lungs, Colds, Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, and all affections of the Lungs it has no equal.
Dr. Rush's specific for Consumption is recommended by all the leading physicians who are acquainted with its use.
Price, Large Size, - $1.00
" Small " - 50
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Dr. Willoughby, the attending physician at the Sister's Hospital and one of Buffalo's most prominent members of the profession, has used it for years, and says:
BUFFALO, Aug. 17, 1878.
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
DEAR DOCTORS—I unhesitatingly add my name to the long list of regular practitioners who have recommended your "Specific for Consumption." I have used it for all pulmonary affections, and have always been more than satisfied with the results. I consider it the best compound known for all lung diseases.
Yours,
M. WILLOUGHBY, M. D.

Dr. Howard, Professor of Anatomy, College of Physicians and Surgeons, Buffalo, N. Y., says:
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
DEAR DOCTORS—I have used your Specific for Consumption in my practice for years with the best result. I consider it a sure cure for consumption, if taken according to directions.
Yours truly,
C. F. HOWARD, M. D.

DR. RUSH'S
"REGULATOR"
—FOR—
Heart Troubles.
A SURE CURE FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE HEART.
Dr. Rush's "Regulator" has never failed to give relief. It has been used successfully for years, in subduing the most stubborn cases of heart difficulties.
Large Size - $1.00
Small " - 50
Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Wm. G. Osgoodby, the well-known safe manufacturer of Buffalo, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Newark, and Atlanta, Ga., says:
OFFICE OF OSGOODBY'S IMPROVED SAFES
71 & 73 Broad Street,
ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 27th, 1881.
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
DEAR DOCTORS—The three bottles of "Dr. Rush's Regulator" I ordered were received by express last week. I have taken nearly one bottle and am thoroughly satisfied with the result. For over two years I have been troubled with sharp pain at my heart. My physician, upon examination, pronounced it enlargement of the heart, and was unable to give me any relief. The trouble grew worse, until I had become convinced that I could not be cured. While in New York City, last week I called on one of the most prominent physicians there, who charged me $25 for an examination and then recommended your "Regulator." Knowing you to be a regular Medical Association, and not a patent medicine scheme, I secured the three bottles. I have not been troubled since I commenced taking it, but shall continue and take the entire three bottles as directed to obtain a permanent cure. I am, gentlemen, very respectfully,
WM. G. OSGOODBY.

Dr. Rush's
Blood Root Oil
Gives immediate relief in all cases of
Rheumatism
Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings, and Sprains, Burns, and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
Dr. Rush's Blood Root Oil has no equal in the world as a liniment or oil. It is a sharp, safe, simple and sure external remedy for man or beast. It is put up in two sizes. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.
CURES OF RHEUMATISM IN TWO HOURS.
BUFFALO, N. Y., May 2, 1881.
Dr. Rush's Medical Association:
GENTLEMEN—I have been troubled with rheumatism for two years. I tried all the best advertised oils and liniments, and many first-class physicians without relief. Two months ago I visited you and consulted Dr. Hoyer's "Blood Root Oil." I purchased a large bottle for $1.00 cents, and applied it. In two hours I was relieved, and now am entirely well. Its effects are wonderful, and I believe it the only thing in the world which will cure rheumatism.
Truly Yours,
JOHN HUTCHISON,
90 Erie St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Dr. Rush's
CATHARTIC and anti-Bilious PILLS
Prevent and Cure Constipation and Piles. A sure remedy for Biliousness, Torpidity of the Liver, Jaundice and all Liver Complaints. It gives immediate relief in Sick and Nervous Headache. They cleanse the stomach and thus remove all bad humor from the mouth and make the breath pure and sweet. Remove all impurity or foul fulsomeness from the sample room. Pleasant to take and agreeable in their action. Entirely unlike other Pills. Price 25 cents.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The above preparations are prepared by Dr. Rush's Medical Association, in which Dr. Rush is associated with the most prominent specialists of both Europe and America. Special treatment can be obtained for any disease that medicine can cure through the mails, and NEVER FAIL to give relief. They can be obtained in Philadelphia, Pa., of Johnson, Holloway & Co., or A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa., and any druggist will gladly obtain them for you upon application, or they can be obtained of us direct.
Address,
DR. RUSH'S MEDICAL ASSOCIATION,
Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Specht & Sasse,
PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,
Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls located in their precincts.

MRS. VAN BUREN'S
LADIES' TONIC.
A Positive Cure for all Female Complaints.
Ladies! Health is the greatest blessing of life. Without it you cannot be happy. Without it you cannot be beautiful. Without it you cannot be healthy. Without it you cannot be good natured. Without it you cannot be good looking. Without it you cannot be good tempered. Without it you cannot be good for anything. Without it you cannot be good to yourself or others. Without it you cannot be good to your husband or children. Without it you cannot be good to your friends or neighbors. Without it you cannot be good to your servants or employers. Without it you cannot be good to your pets or animals. Without it you cannot be good to your plants or flowers. Without it you cannot be good to your books or pictures. Without it you cannot be good to your clothes or jewelry. Without it you cannot be good to your money or property. Without it you cannot be good to your time or opportunities. Without it you cannot be good to your conscience or soul. Without it you cannot be good to your God or religion. Without it you cannot be good to your country or government. Without it you cannot be good to your world or universe. Without it you cannot be good to your future or eternity. Without it you cannot be good to your past or present. Without it you cannot be good to your present or future. Without it you cannot be good to your past or future. Without it you cannot be good to your present or past. Without it you cannot be good to your future or present. Without it you cannot be good to your past or present. Without it you cannot be good to your future or past